

FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY CAMPUS MASTER PLAN UPDATE 2010-2020

Focus Group 3: Meeting #1

30 AUGUST 2012

PERKINS+WILL



INTRODUCTION

Focus Group 3

Group 3 Urban, Architectural & Landscape Design Guidelines

Kenneth Jessell, Steering Committee Advocate

- John Stuart (Architectural Design)
- Adam Drisin (Urban Design)
- Roberto Rovira (Landscape Design)
- Mark Salemi (Landscape Maintenance)
- Marilys Nepomechie (Architecture)
- Oscar Irigoyen (Construction/Architecture)
- Alex Casas (FIU Police Department)
- Marsha McDonald (FIU Student-Architecture)
- Chris Cabeza (FIU Student Landscape Architecture)
- FIU Museum Board Member

Focus Group 3

Group 3 Urban, Architectural & Landscape Design Guidelines

Today's Agenda

- Welcome Introductions
- Overview of Master Plan Process
- Review of Latest Master Plan (2010-2015)
- EAR Comments Open Discussion
- Best Practices Presentation What are other universities doing?
- Open Discussion of Key Issues that FIU faces in this arena
- Closing Remarks and Homework Assignment!



Schedule/ Process

Master Planning Schedule

Inventory & Analysis	July-Oct 2012
Preliminary Alternative Concepts	Nov-Dec 2012
Concept Plan Development	Jan 2013
Draft Comprehensive Master Plan	Feb-July 2013
Final Comprehensive Master Plan	Aug-Dec 2013
BOT Approval of Master Plan	Dec 2013

University-Wide Campus Master Plan Elements



30 AUGUST 2012

Major Planning Challenges

- Develop a Sustainable Campus Environment
- Develop better options with Transportation and Access
- Establish better Connectivity with Neighboring Communities
- •Meeting Increased Enrollment-Housing, Academic & Research
- •Land Use Constraints at MMC, EC, and BBC

Major Issues: 2012 Evaluation / Appraisal Report

- Overcrowding at Modesto Maidique Campus
- Accountability Measures to Exceptions to the Campus Master Plan
- Parking Availability / Accessibility & Transportation Options
- Traffic Congestion / Roadway Capacity
- Student Housing Demand
- Recreation & Open Space Preservation
- Land Use Constraints
- Future of Biscayne Bay Campus & Engineering Center
- Campus Identity: Architecture and Landscaping
- Improved Relations with Host Communities



2005-2015 PLANS

FIU 2005-2015 Campus Guiding Principles

- Develop a sustainable campus environment.
- Develop forward looking, innovative and interdisciplinary learning and research environments.
- Reinforce FIU's identity through the articulation of landmarks, precincts, edges, buildings, and open spaces.
- Create a more compact urban environment.
- Develop comprehensive multi-modal solutions to transportation & infrastructure.
- Establish better connectivity with neighboring communities.
- Create a safe, connected, pedestrian-friendly campus.
- Site core academic programs along main axes.
- Develop student life mixed use communities.
- Foster learning through multipurpose open space.

FIU 2005-2015 Urban Design Element

URBAN DESIGN GOAL:

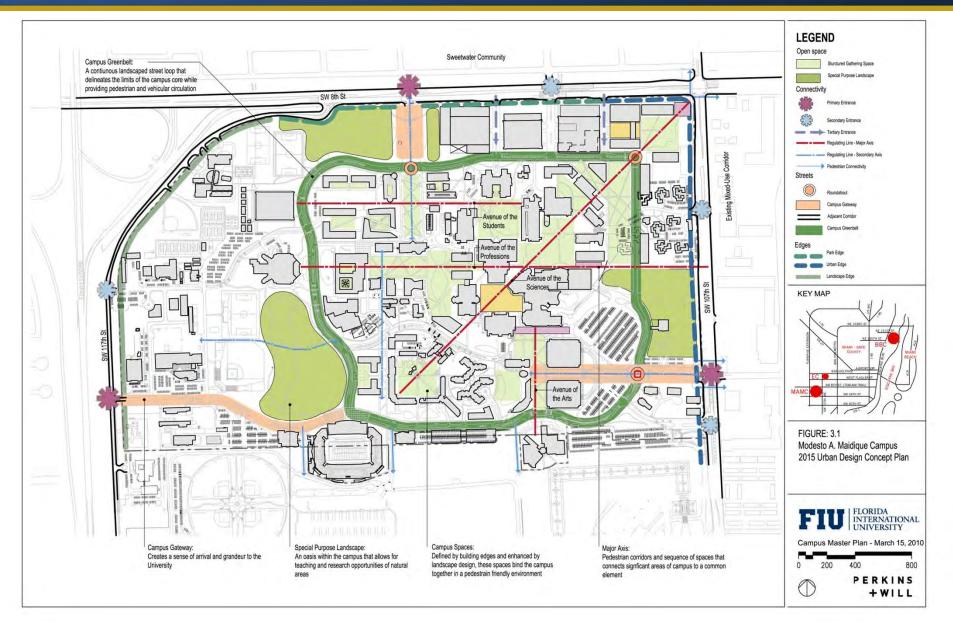
Florida International University shall create high quality, memorable campus environments suited to education and a sense of collegiality, comprising a compact formal development pattern within a rich outdoor subtropical environment.

- **1.1 Regulating Axis**
- **1.2 Campus Spaces**
- **1.3 Campus Streets**
- 1.4 Campus Edges
- **1.5 Functional Linkages**
- 1.6 Service and Loading
- **1.7 Energy Efficiency**
- **1.8 Compliance**
- **1.9 Implementation**

2015 Urban Design Concept Plan



2015 Urban Design Concept Plan



2015 Landscape Design Concept Plan



Vision Plan



Biscayne Bay Campus

2015 Urban Design Concept Plan



Biscayne Bay Campus

2015 Landscape Design Concept Plan



Biscayne Bay Campus

Vision Plan



Engineering Center

2015 Urban Design Concept Plan



Engineering Center

2015 Landscape Design Concept Plan



Engineering Center

Vision Plan



FIU 2005-2015 Architecture Design Element

GOAL: UPDATE

Florida International University shall create contextual and sustainable buildings that represent the institution's guiding principles and vision for an innovative, diverse, learning community serving locally and globally. The character and identity of all buildings shall represent FIU's commitment to student Life, formal and informal learning, promoting collaboration, integration and multidisciplinary education.

- Project Responsibility Checklist
- Sustainable design Guidelines
- Integrated Design Process
- Bldg. Guidelines and Components
- Regulatory Groups and organizational process/structure

FIU 2005-2015 Landscape Design Element

GOAL: Create high quality, environmentally sound campus landscape settings which afford outdoor comfort, security, and a rich visual quality, exemplifying the uniqueness and diversity of South Florida's subtropical environments while creating a unifying character that binds the campuses together.

- Landscape Framework: Implement the Landscape Framework for the Modesto A. Maidique Campus, Engineering Center and Biscayne Bay Campus
- Plant Materials: Modify and adopt a revised plant materials list upon Master Plan adoption, eliminating use of invasive exotic species and those which necessitate excessive maintenance; and adding species appropriate to traditional college campus settings.
- Furnishings, Lighting and Graphics: Adopt standards for furnishings, lighting fixtures and signage depicted
- Retention/Storm water Elements: Adopt standards for landscape edge treatments surrounding ponds, lakes and storm water features.
- Phasing: Implement landscape improvements in three phases, consistent with the scheduling of new academic, housing, recreation and support buildings to which landscape improvement components will be allocated.

Campus Landscape Framework

2015 Landscape Design Concept Plan



Quad framed by buildings on three side



6





Campus Spaces

Special Purpose Landsta

FIGURE: 16.0 A1

Landscape Fr Quad

FIU FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Campus Master Plan - March 2011

Campus Streets Campus Greenbelt Main Street

Green Spine

Entry Drive Service Street (Modesto A. Maido

KEY MAP

PERKINS

+WILL

Quad



A quadrangle is a green spear usawity issues or rectangular in plan. The table of which are setting yes many denieting by baddings and reintrocing by the lundscape descing. The target most important aspect of a quadrangle is clear postal of definition. The specific quadratiles of each quad yary with size, purpose and increated bad all are primary informing quadratic submittance of the quadratic structure of the specific quadratic structure and the postal posterior and the plant of the specific quadratic structure of the specific quadratic structure and the specific structure access to large buildings and spaces beyond. Quadratic three significant ansis shaded and pretended more main by structures. These should be used building ange interaction and study.

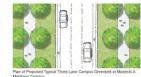
valks are nenerally limited to the edges of the guad, adjacent to the buildings for acces nanocape, overwards are generary minor to be eagles or included, adjucent to the outlangs to addes as well to define the quark sedges. Additional handscape is minimal beyond the edges of the quark side waiks shall cross the quarks to allow direct connections for pedestrians between building entrances as well as at simplificant ruard entrances.

Plant Materials. Canopy, primarily hardwood trees should be planted to maximize shade within the quador Trees including pairs should the the edges to further define the space while allowing for open areas within the quado for pairs increasion and gatherings. Fix can use quads, acropy there shad be grouped together to expand the tree canopy to provide shade. A clear understory should be maintained with the ground plane being redominately times.

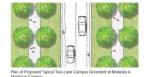
Site Furnishings: Benches and trash receptacles shall be primarily located on the edges of the quad adja cent to the pedestrian walkways.

Lighting: Appropriate, free standing light standards further define the edges of the the picturesque character of the space. Lights shall be spaced to provide for a co-coverage at a pedestrian scale while minimizing night sky pollution.

Special Peatures: Existing water bodies should remain and become integral parts of the visual character of the quad. Sidewalks should provide access to the water edge as well as a continuous path around th edge to further define the water as an amenity within the quad. The incorporation of future and installation of the second all around the should be strategically located to maximize views.













hat incorporates both pedestrian and vehicular movement. This proposed Greenbell defines the limits or oner campus core while binding inportant existing and proposed open spaces, that are adjacent to the most tonethese.

The energies plants to a segmentic or vehicle two posteriors to the cover of the energies of the two posteriors and the set of the detection o

Hardscape: Wide sidewalks on both sides of the street are necessary to bind the Greenbelt together as a circulation as well as recreation comidor within the campus. Materials to follow University standards

Plant Materials: Linear rows of canopy trees will continue to be planted parallel to the loop road to define the corridor and provided a 'safe zone' for pedestrians to access other parts of campus. Bike Lanes: Bike lanes are recommended on both sides of the loop road. Bike racks should be close to building entrances along the bike path. Design and materials should follow University 5

PERKINS











A promenade is a pathway for learning. It is a public place for waiking that directly connects one point to another. Nore than just a web adjewank or trait, a promenade is of significant importance with differing learning that a substantiation of the product of the product of the significant importance with differing learning space. The space is characteristical productions learning that these starts a classificant activity for a significant space of the significant activity and the significant index of the significant index of the significant space. The significant space is a significant space of the significant space is short activities of productions from the product space and should have continuous senses should and and producted from the main by structures.

Elements:

Hardscape: Hardscape areas will incorporate modern urban fumiture and lighting elements with clean lines and will be paved with unit pavers in dynamic patterns. Plant Materials: Paim trees shall be the dominant canopy planting, used to reinforce the linearity of the

Site Furnishings; Benches and trash receptacles shall be located along the edges of the promenade at regularly spaced intervals to provide a sense of repetition and various opportunities for resting and inte

Lighting: Appropriate, free standing light standards shall be located along the edges of the promenade at regularly spaced intervals to provide a sense of repetition that further the linearity of the space. Light shall be spaced to provide for a consistent and continuous coverage at pedestion scale while immirizia



Campus Spaces

FIGURE: 16.0 A2

Landscape

Campus Spaces

Special Purpose Landscap

Quad Promenade Plaza

KEY MAD











special Purpose Landscapes provide opcontaints for teaching and insertior of pasties and active across the opcontentiats. The type of packs of deformed by the landscape matrixes, structure and use Areas may include a wind growing plane of them that promote active and passive recreation. They might also characteristications that land themateness is obtained in approximation. A final type of train-cape is a particip, characterized by density of themateness in the type of train-cape is a particip, characterized by density of themateness in the type and themateness and themateness and the type and incomess of teams of institution of participations and themateness and the participation of the approximation of the approximat also provide a pictu

sindscape: Hardscape materials and location are determined based on the type of space. Existing wel-tands and woodland should use pervious material or nased boardwalks to allow to pedeatrian movemen this the space. Sitewalks are generally innited to the deges of the of larger open spaces to to certate litect connections between heavy pedestrain traffic routes. Gardens allow for a variety of pervious and the space. Site of the space of the space of the space of the of the space of the space

Plant Materials: Plant materials and location are determined based on the type of space









PERKINS +WILL









FIU FLORIDA INTERNATIONA UNIVERSITY aster Plan - March 2010

+WILL







ing Center Campu

Flements





























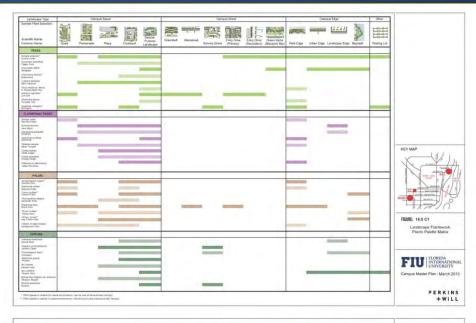




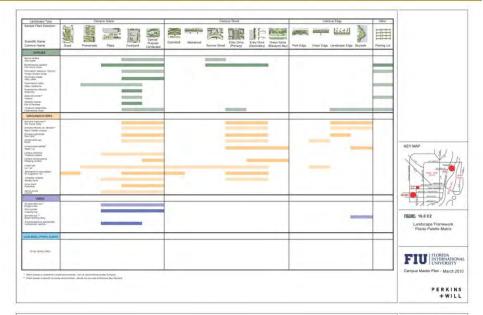


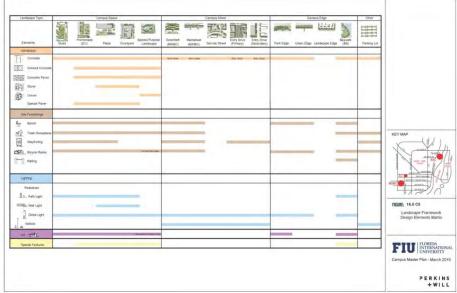
Campus Landscape Framework

2015 Landscape Design Concept Plan





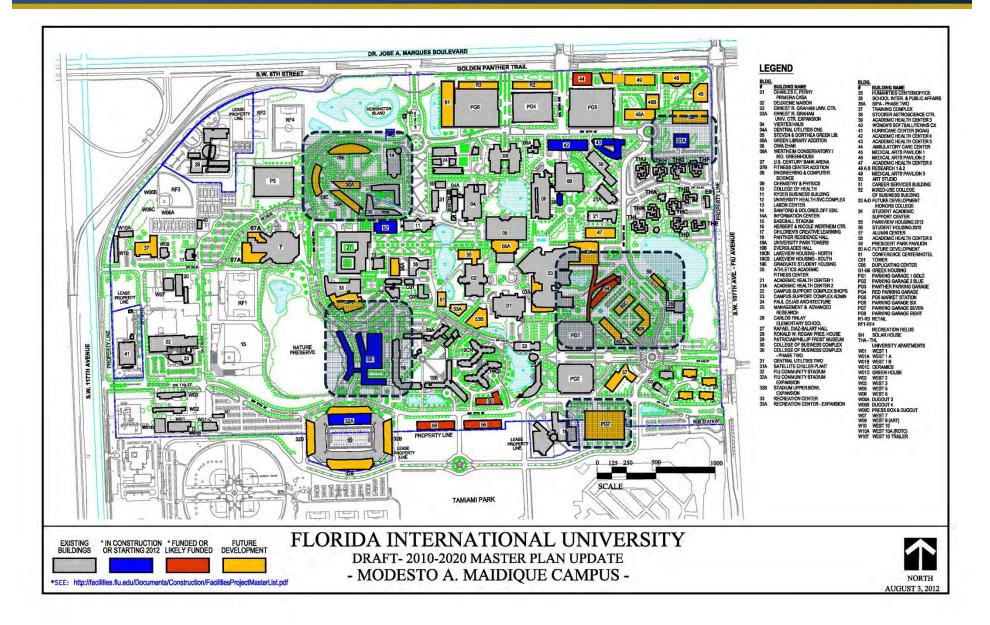






UPDATES SINCE 2010

Modesto Maidique Campus UPDATES SINCE 2010



Biscayne Bay Campus / Engineering Center UPDATES SINCE 2010





E.A.R. SUMMARY

E.A.R Summary

Group 3 Urban, Architectural & Landscape Design Guidelines- EAR Agenda Items:

<u>Urban Design</u>

- Define a better green space framework on both campuses (MMC and BBC)
- Establish greater connectivity and integration with the host communities
- Incorporate new pedestrian walkways and bicycle lanes along roads; enhance and improve the existing pedestrian walkways and bike lanes to facilitate more direct and efficient movement through campus
- Incorporate the waterways surrounding BBC into the campus design; including proposals for designated dock space at BBC
- Consider building "upward" rather than "outward" when constructing academic buildings in such a manner that preserves the overall design of the campuses

Architecture Design/ Landscaping Design

- Provide strategies to increase the amount of shaded walkways and outdoor gathering spaces through landscaping, covered connectors and outdoor furnishings
- Foster learning about the physical environment by creating opportunities and guidelines for design features and instructional signage that provide information on natural and structural features

<u>2010</u> Master Plan	
+ +	
+/-	
-	
+	
+/-	

+/-



Best Practices from Other Universities or Communities

Physical Design

1. Identity & Character Unified architectural style, landscape character or unified spatial structure

2. Sustainability

Understanding campus systems - stormwater management

3. Pedestrian Connectivity Responding to the context conditions and issues

Project Process

- Design Team
 Ensuring the right people /
 integrated design teams are
 engaged in projects
- 2. Design Review Reviewing projects based on compliance with the Master Plan and its goals
- **3. Budgeting** Allocating funds for both buildings + infrastructure

Program

1. Research + Teaching Integration Incorporating research and

teaching opportunities into the campus environment

Best Practices from Other Universities or Communities

Physical Design

1. Identity & Character Unified architectural style, landscape character or unified spatial structure

2. Sustainability

Understanding campus systems - stormwater management

3. Pedestrian Connectivity Responding to the context conditions and issues

Project Process

- Design Team
 Ensuring the right people /
 integrated design teams are
 engaged in projects
- **2. Design Review** Reviewing projects based on compliance with the Master Plan and its goals
- **3. Budgeting** Allocating funds for both buildings + infrastructure

Program

1. Research + Teaching Integration Incorporating research and teaching opportunities into the campus environment

Physical Design Identity & Character

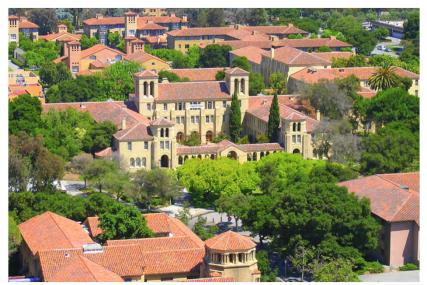
Harvard University

Unified spatial structure with varying architectural style and high quality



Stanford University

Unified architectural style with high quality



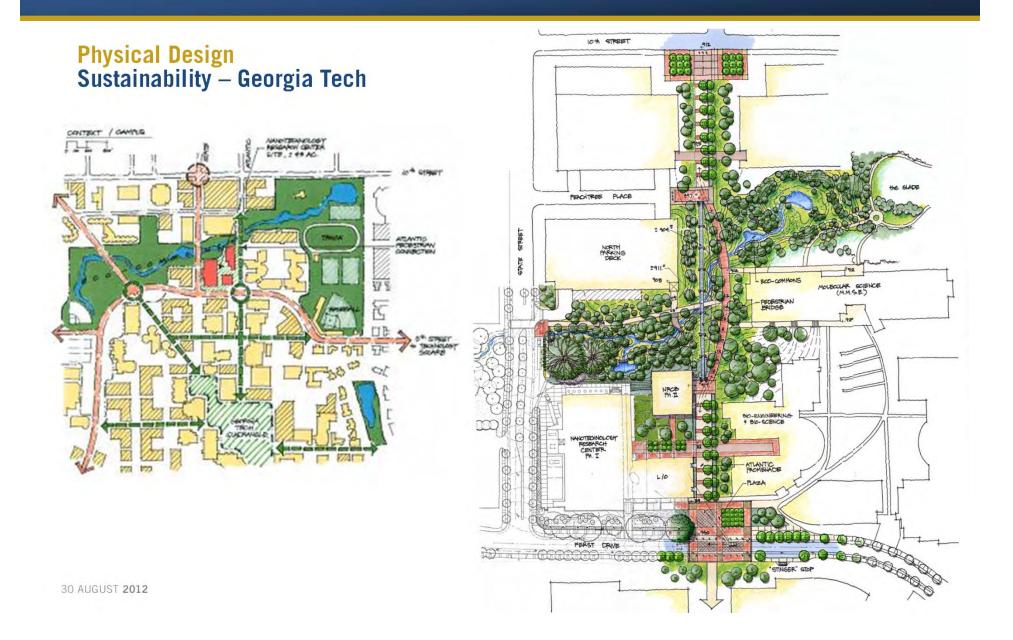
Physical Design Sustainability - USF



30 AUGUST 2012

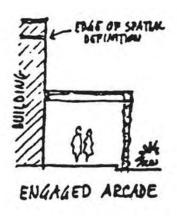
Physical Design Sustainability – USF (Greenway Structure)

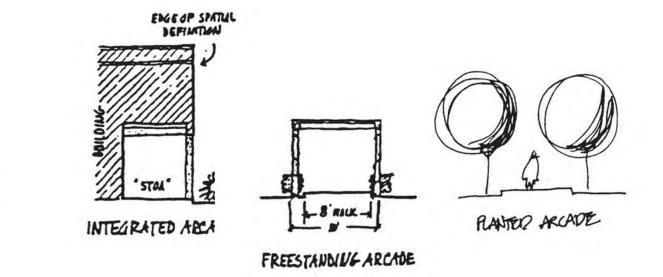




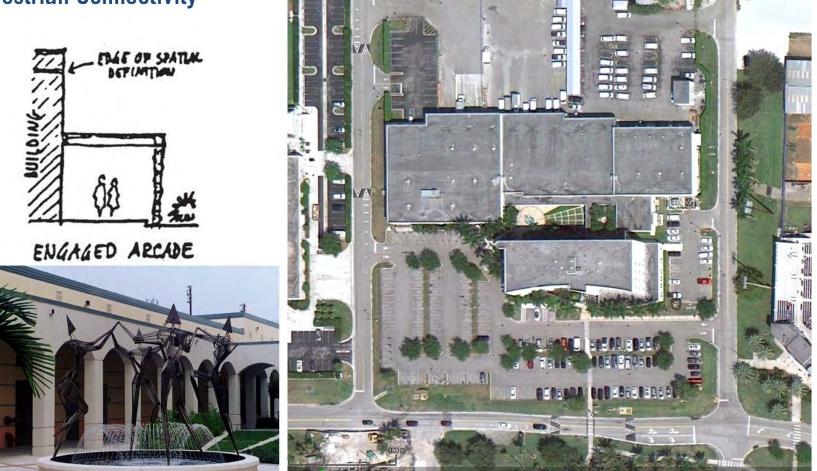
Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity

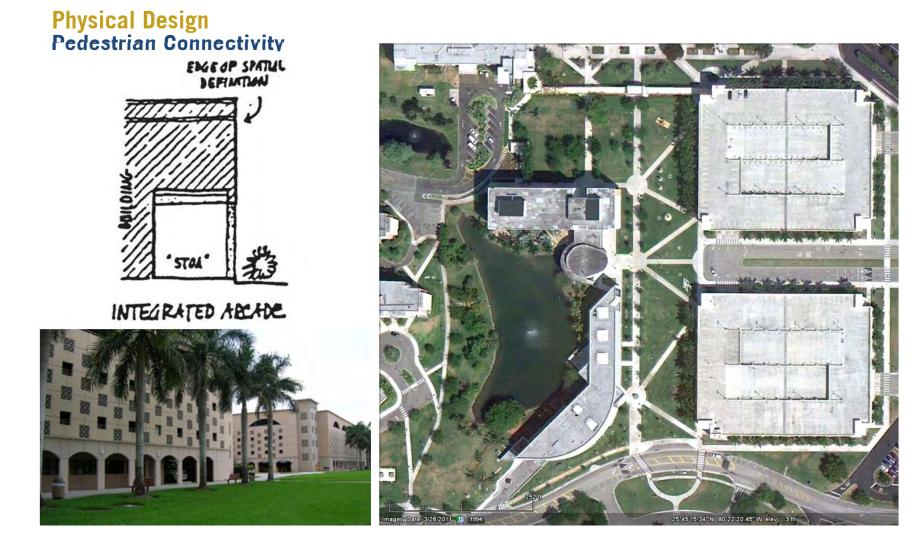
• Provide strategies to increase the amount of shaded valkways and outdoor gathering spaces through landscaping, covered connectors and outdoor furnish ngs



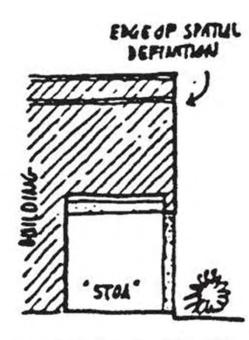


Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity





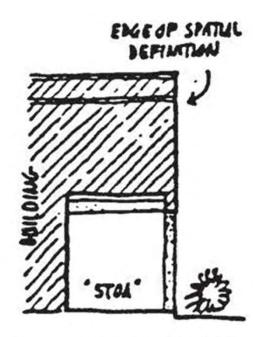
Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity



INTEGRATED ABCADE



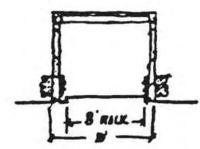
Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity



INTEGRATED ABCADE



Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity

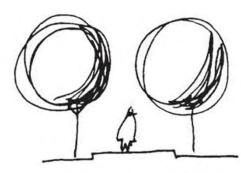


FREESTANDING ARCADE





Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity



PLANTER ARCADE

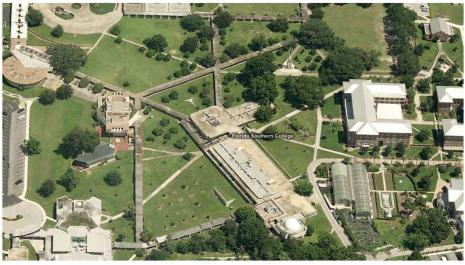




P E R K I N S 🕂 W I L L

45

Physical Design Pedestrian Connectivity







Florida Southern College



University of Miami

Best Practices from Other Universities or Communities

Physical Design

1. Identity & Character Unified architectural style, landscape character or unified spatial structure

2. Sustainability Understanding campus systems - stormwater

3. Pedestrian Connectivity Responding to the context conditions and issues

Project Process

- Design Team
 Ensuring the right people /
 integrated design teams are
 engaged in projects
- 2. Design Review Reviewing projects based on compliance with the Master Plan and its goals
- **3. Budgeting** Allocating funds for both buildings + infrastructure

Program

1. Research + Teaching Integration Incorporating research and teaching opportunities into the campus environment

Project Process

<u>Purpose</u>

• To monitor and ensure that all design projects comply with the intent of the Campus Master Plan

Precedents

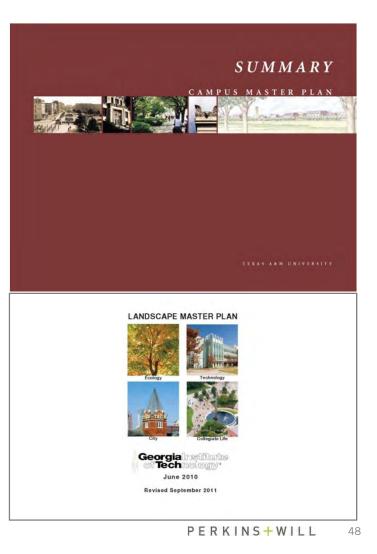
• University of Florida, Georgia Tech, University of Arkansas, Texas A&M University, University of Washington, University of North Texas

Committee Structure

• Generally (includes design faculty, practicing design professionals, at large faculty, administration and physical plant representation)

Committee Types

- Architectural
- Landscape
- Land Use + Facilities
- Transportation



Project Process

Design Team Structure

Ensure interdisciplinary approach ٠

Review Periods

- Initial Meeting: Project + Master Plan review ٠
- Concept Plan ٠
- **Preliminary Design** ٠
- **Detailed Design** ٠
- Post Construction Assessment ٠

Tools

- Instructions to Design Team Presenters ٠
- Instructions to Committee Members ٠
- Campus Master Plan Checklist ٠
- Architectural Guidelines / Checklist ٠
- Landscape Guidelines / Checklist ٠

Bu<u>dget</u>

Buildings + Infrastructure



This speci

DESIGN SERVICES GUIDE

www.facilities.ufl.edu FACILITIES PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION

	Ca	mpus Master	Plan Checklist	
To:	ULUFPC, LVLC, PHBSC, P&TC	DATE:	PROJECT:	Project # / Name
Prepared by:	UF Planner (Programming) OR A/E	FROM:	UF Project Manager	
This form is to be co		is reviewed by comm	ittees. Do not mark shaded cells i	n the columns because they do not apply to the review at the

phase column. These checklist criteria apply to development on the main campus and, as applicable, on Satellite Properties in Alachua County.

					C	OMBIN	E FOR	DESIG	N-BUIL	D
EVALUATION CRITERIA		PROGRAMMING AND SITE SELECTION			SCHEMATIC DESIGN Concept Advanced			DESIGN DEVELOPMENT		
_		YES	NO	NA	YES	NO	NA	YES	NO	N/
UNI	VERSITY LAND USE AND FACILITIES PLANNING COMMITTEE (ULUFPC)		-		1		_	_		
1)	The project appears in the Capital Improvements Element, Table 13-1 (Ten-Year Capital Projects List) and Figure 13-1 (Future Building Sites) As presented in the adopted Campus Master Plan With edits to Table 13-1 to modify the project GSF or description With edits to Figure 13-1 to modify the assign the project site	iTi		1				9	1	-
	a) If "no" or with edits: The addition or modification of the project in the CMP can be accomplished as a Minor Amendment (per UF Operating Memorandum) and without changing the Campus Development Agreement							1	-	
2)	The project is consistent with the Future Land Use designation and definition (Figure 2-1, Future Land Use and Policies 1.1.2 and 1.1.8)							1.00	-	
	a) If "no", the necessary modification to Figure 2-1 (Future Land Use) can be accomplished as a Minor Amendment (per UF Operating Memorandum) and without changing the Campus Development Agreement							and the second se	-	
3)	The project location is consistent with policies that direct the location of specific uses (i.e. academic facilities, support/clinical facilities, housing, recreation/open space & parking) (Academic Facilities, Policy 1.2.3; Support/Clinical, Policies 1.1.3, 1.1.4 and 1.1.6; Housing, Policy 1.3.1; Recreation/Open Space, Policies 1.3.1 and 1.3.3; Transportation Policy 2.5.4 and 2.5.6)							1.0	-	
4)	The project is not a temporary building; OR The temporary building is located in the Surge Area, Energy Park, Physical Plant Division complex, Academic/Research-Outdoor Future Land Use, or the temporary building supports construction activity (Capital Improvements. Policy 1.1.15)				-	•		•	•	
5)	The project considers life-cycle costing, pursues principles of sustainable design and/or seeks LEED certification (Capital Improvements, Policy 1.1.14)									Г
6)	The building footprint, orientation and setback comply with Policy 1.3.1, Urban Design Element because the project is located with road frontage along Stadium Rd (Gale Lemerand Dr to Buckman Dr), University Ave (Gale Lemerand Dr to SW 13th St), SW 13th St, Center Drive, Museum Rd (west of Center Dr. to SW 13th St), Archer Rd/SW 16th Ave, or Radio Rd; or within new centers of development (i.e. near Orthopaedics & Sports Med, Cultural Plaza, Southwest Recreation, and near Fifield Hall)									

Project Process
FIU Precedents"The accumulation of small projects can add up to serious degradation of
the physical environment". Texas A & M



Best Practices from Other Universities or Communities

Physical Design

1. Identity & Character Unified architectural style, landscape character or unified spatial structure

2. Sustainability Understanding campus systems - stormwater management

3. Pedestrian Connectivity Responding to the context conditions and issues

Project Process

- 1. Design Team Ensuring the right people / integrated design teams are engaged in projects
- 2. Design Review Reviewing projects based on compliance with the Master Plan and its goals
- **3. Budgeting** Allocating funds for both buildings + infrastructure

Program

1. Research + Teaching Integration Incorporating research and

teaching opportunities into the campus environment

Program Teaching + Research Integration

FIU Strengths

- Tree Campus USA
- Nature Preserve (MAMC)
- Hennington Island
- Sculpture Park at FIU
- Others



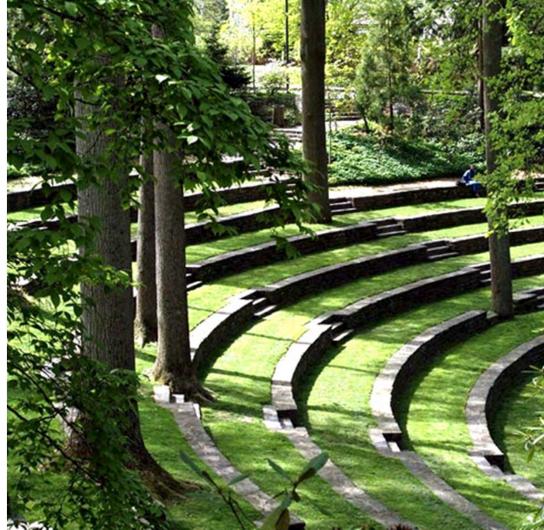
PERKINS+WILL 52

Program Teaching + Research Integration

FIU Opportunities

- Ongoing Research / Test Plots
- Outdoor Classrooms
- Galleries Art, Architecture
- Outdoor Performance Spaces
- Active Interpretive Learning





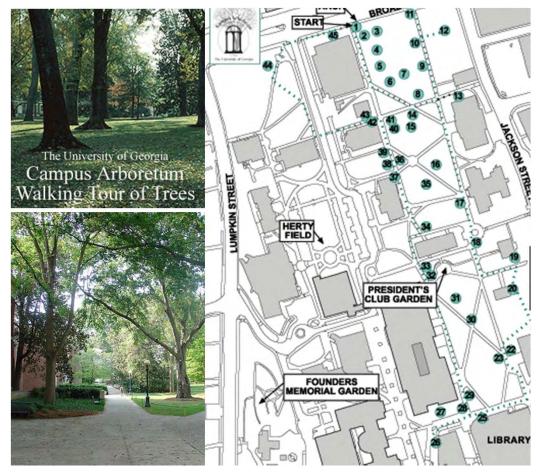
PERKINS+WILL

53

Program Teaching + Research Integration – Campus Arboretum

University of Georgia

- Utilizes the campus as a natural extension of the classroom
- Serves classes in Botany, Forestry, Ecology, Horticulture and Landscape Architecture. Art and Photography
- Three distinct areas of the entire campus, North, Central, South,
- Organization focused on mapping, labeling and otherwise promoting the extant and future tree and shrub collections



Program Teaching + Research Integration – Campus Arboretum

Harvard University

- 265 acre Arnold Arboretum is a unique blend of respected research institution and beloved public park in Boston's Emerald Necklace
- Founded as a public-private partnership between the City of Boston and Harvard University

University of Illinois

- 57 acre UI Arboretum is a living laboratory maintained by the University
- The plant collections and facilities support the teaching, research, and public service programs of several units throughout campus

University of Central Florida

80 acres

University of Wisconsin-Madison

- Site of historic research in ecological restoration
- The Arboretum includes the oldest and most varied collection of restored ecological communities in the world
- 1,200 acres and 513 acres in outlying properties are managed by scientists, students and volunteers

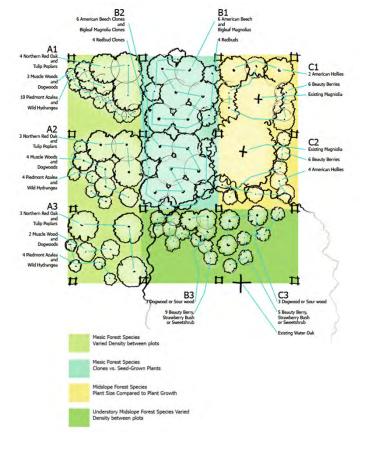
University of California Santa Cruz

- Arboretum is a research and teaching facility committed to plant conservation
- Serves both the campus and the public

<u>University of Miami</u>

- Organized for teaching and research purposes, with interpretive signage as well as individual identification tags on each plant
- Managed by the Department of Biology and the Friends of the Gifford Arboretum Committee (faculty, students, administrators, and community members)



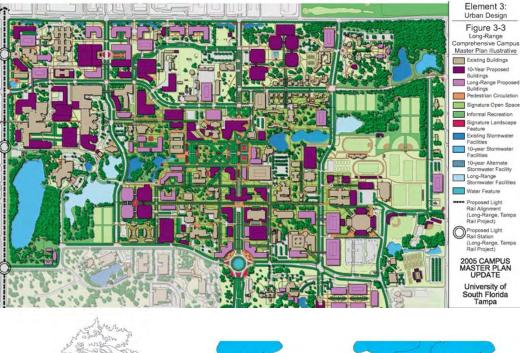


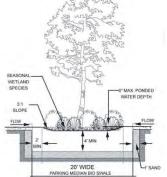


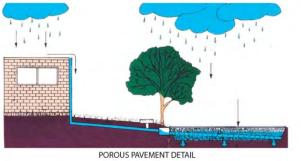
Program Teaching + Research Integration – Campus Sustainability

University of South Florida

- Patel School of Sustainability
- Ties campus initiatives to research and teaching
- Currently researching: A Methodology For University Campuses to Become More Sustainable
- Courses in: College of the Arts, College of Arts and Sciences, College of Business Administration, College of Engineering









Homework

Focus Group 3

Homework:

Data Collection

- Photographs, Documentation (3-5 examples)
 - Identify precedents from other University's by element:
 - Physical Design
 - Project Process
 - Program
 - Identify Strengths & Weaknesses on FIU campuses
 - Physical Design

University Standards Focus:

- Project Responsibility Checklist
- Sustainable Design Guidelines
- Integrated Design Process
- Bldg. Guidelines and Components
- Regulatory Groups and Organizational process/structure
- Due: Two weeks

Next Meeting

• First Week of October